

# Anticipatory Care: An action learning project

What have we learnt?









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# What is anticipatory care

Our focus is on chronic conditions—If we identify people who are at risk of developing a condition and *anticipate* their needs, we can put things in place to reduce risks and better manage existing conditions.

Anticipatory care started in Europe – in the Netherlands, and in Britain, in the National Health System.

## Anticipatory care relies on

- 'routine encounters' where there is trust and established relationships
- a non-fragmented system
- equitable access to those system parts (i.e. affordable services, that are within physical and social or cultural distance of citizens, and that have 'humane' staff) (Watt, O'Donnell, & Sridharan, 2011)



West Ridgley

The project aims to understand and enhance anticipatory care in four Tasmanian communities, with a particular focus on people who are hard to reach and/or at greatest risk of developing chronic conditions. It is doing this through an action learning approach.

As part of this, the university is investigating a series of research questions.



## Observe

(gather data)

## Reflect

(make sense of the data – analysis)

- Health and health care continue to improve
- But, Tasmania lags on some key health outcomes
- Health services can't meet all the challenges
- We need ways to include the social determinants of health

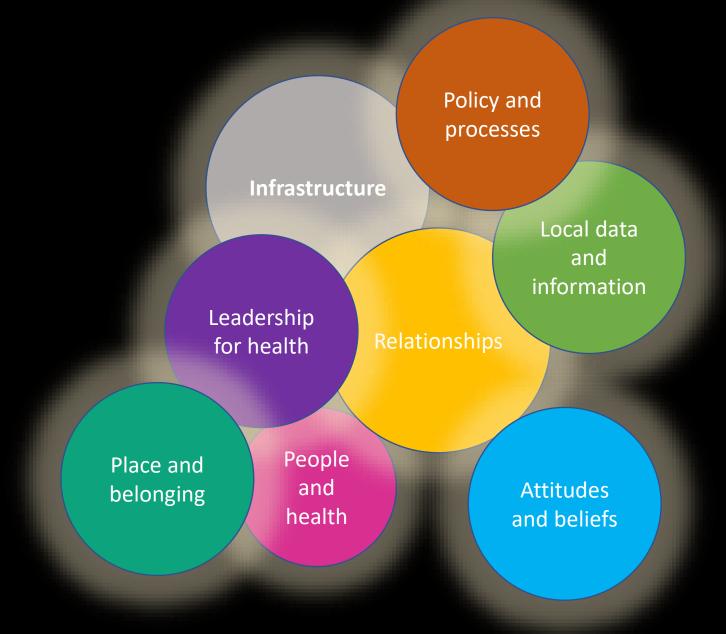
Act

Plan

# What can we learn about this system?

**Observing** = gathering information and data

- Statistics
- Interviews, focus groups and fieldnotes
- Surveys



### Statistics – 15,000 people

# Compared with Tasmania overall –

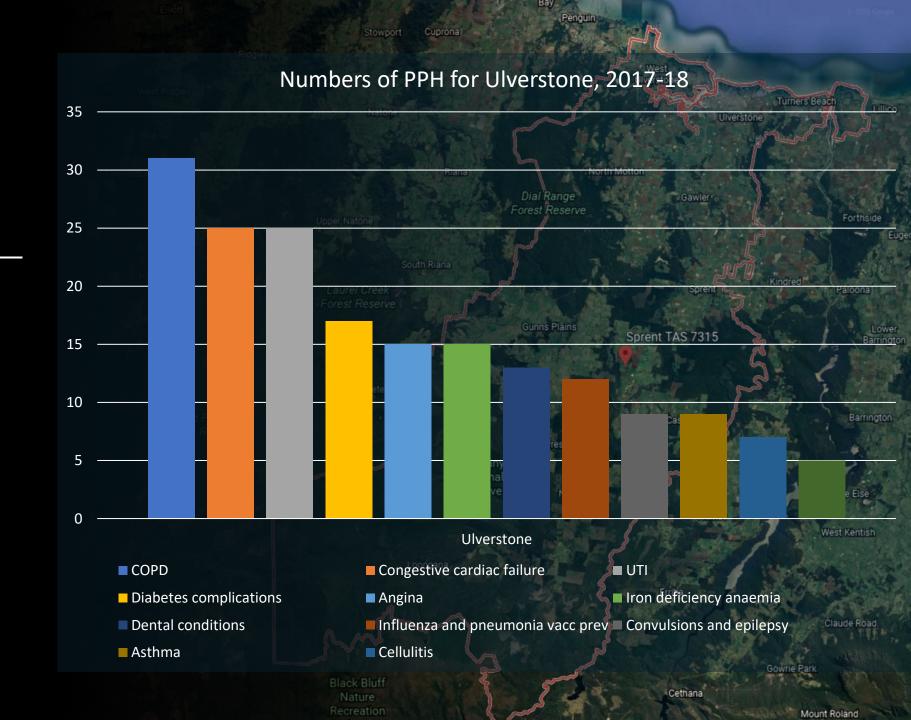
- Median age, 47, is greater
- Median income is lower
- About twice as many people are Indigenous
- More people volunteer



#### Statistics - health

# Compared with Tasmania overall –

- Drink and smoke less
- People are more likely to be overweight
- High rates of potentially preventable hospitalisation



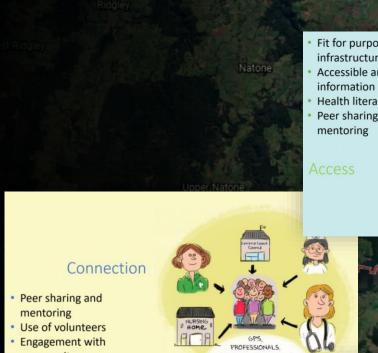
### Statistics – services

- Four pharmacies
- Several dentists
- Mental health practitioners
- Aboriginal health service
- Neighbourhood House
- Numerous service clubs and organisations
- Two local GP clinics (20+ GPs)



#### Words

• Interviews and focus groups – themes



Fit for purpose infrastructure

Cuprona

- Accessible and useful information
- Health literacy
- Peer sharing and



Sprent TAS 7315

community members/patients/clients

NURSING HOMES AND COUNCIL ARE KEEN TO CREATE AND STRENGTHEN LINKS AND CONNECTIONS TO COMMUNITY

Fit for purpose infrastructure

· Peer sharing and mentoring Accessible and useful information

Gunns Plains

- Health literacy
- Effective communication
- Effective navigation of the health system





What does the How can health





Safety

DO VULNERABLE AND AT RISK COMMUNITY MEMBERS TRUST AND FEEL SAFE ACCESSING SERVICES?

TWEEN THESE SERVICES IS BENEFICIAL FOR PEOPLE WITH CHRONIC CONDITIONS/OLDER

PATIENTS VALUE LONG-TERM RELATIONSHIPS WITH THEIR HEALTH PRACTITIONERS

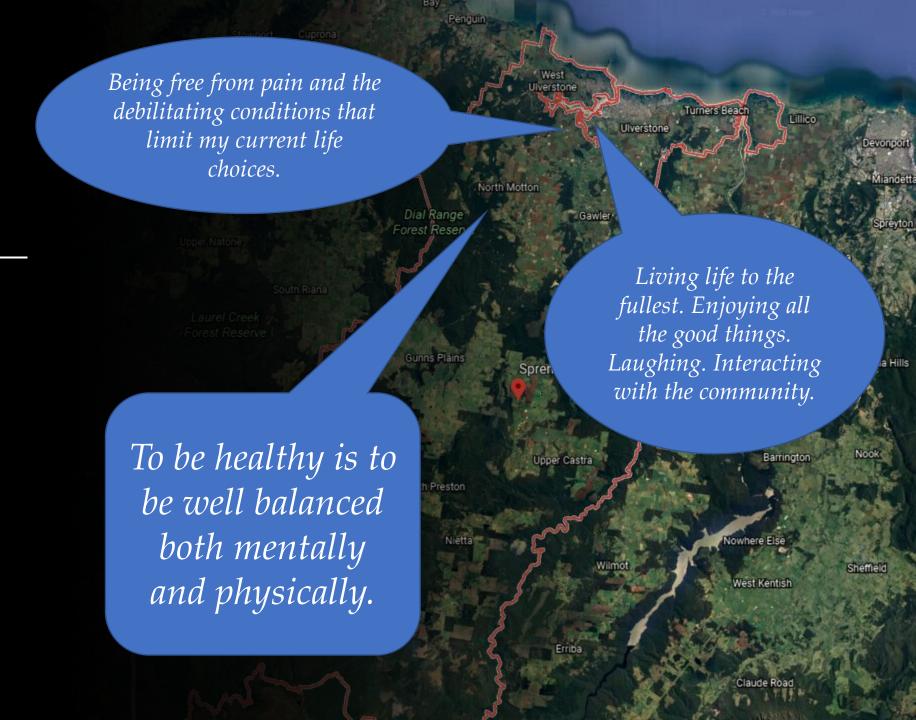
#### Processes

- Effective navigation of health services
- Service collaboration
- Effective communication

community of Ulverstone think about health? Is it a hat topic for this community? What does everyone think about social prescribing? Is there stigma and judgments about some health 1 am scared to be judged people from

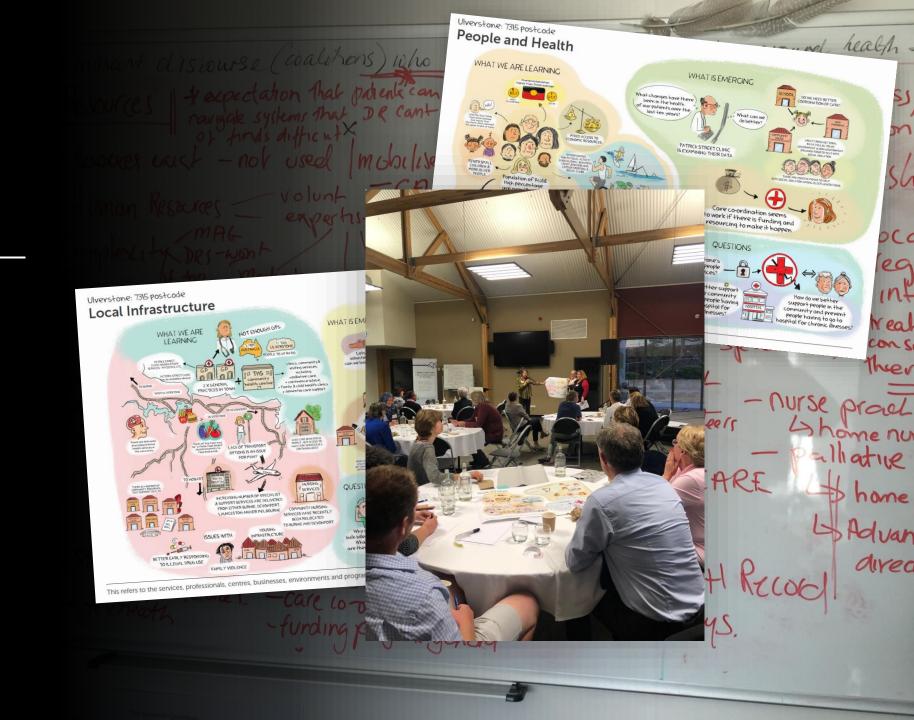
#### Words

- Interviews and focus groups
- Survey comments

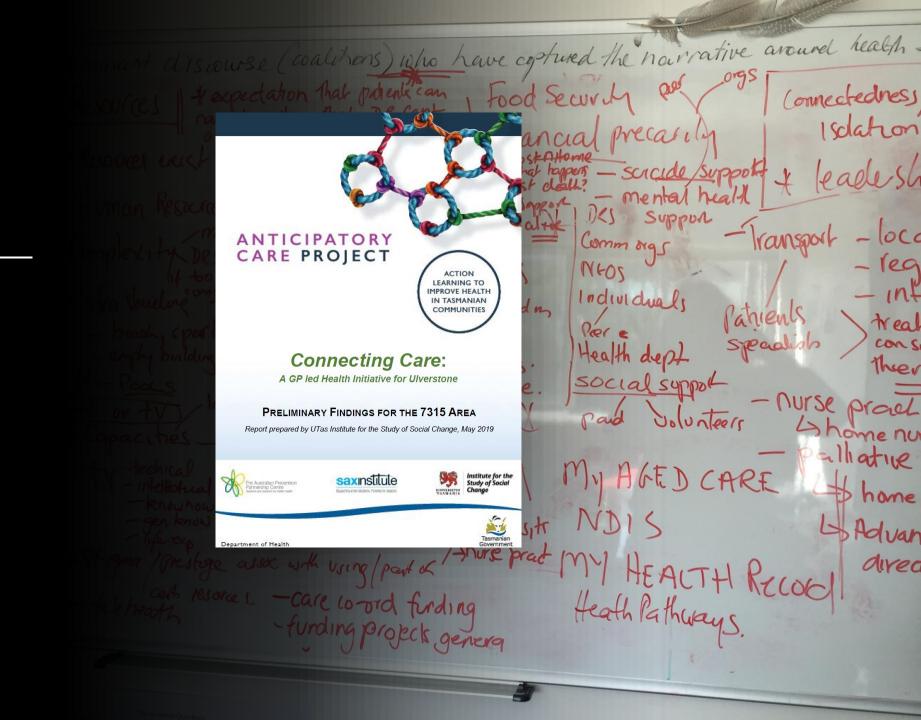


Reflecting: How accurate is our map?

- Interviews and focus groups
- Survey comments
- Community workshop
  (April 2019)



What does anticipatory care look like here?

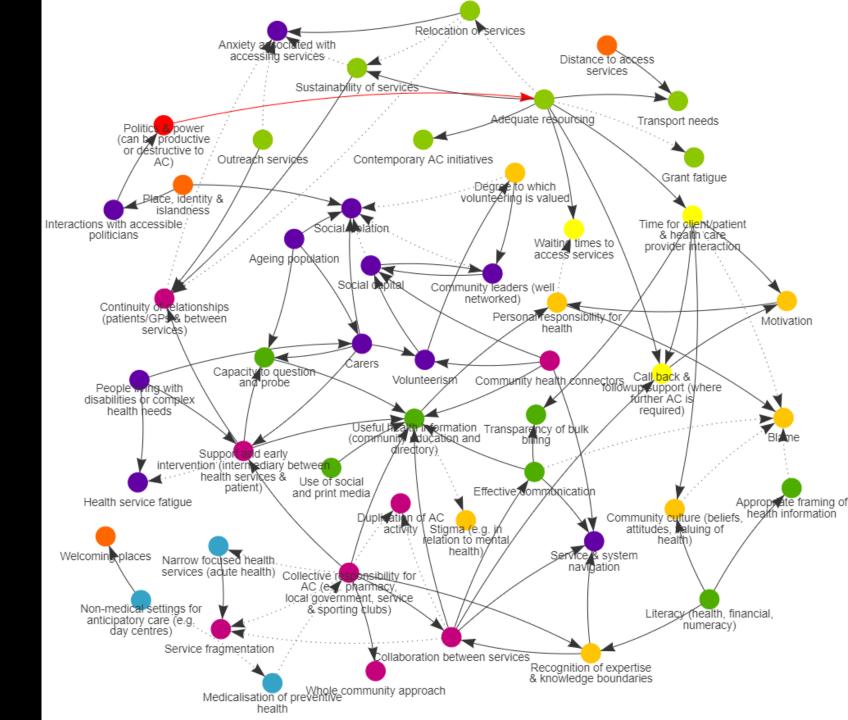




# Our map—another view

#### Causal loop analysis

- How are the parts of anticipatory care linked?
- What effects do they have on one another?
- Where might we try to change things?



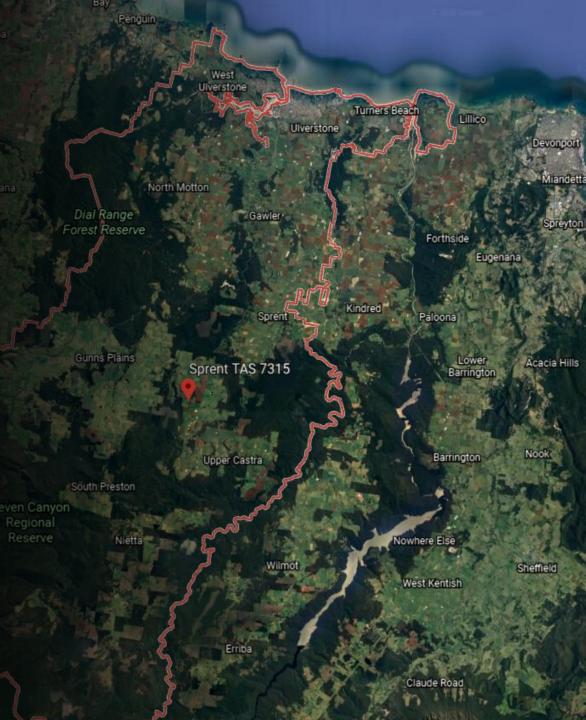
Can we make changes to:

- Beliefs and attitudes about health and the health and social care system
- Accessibility of health and social care information required to navigate the system
- Collaboration and communication among those involved in providing anticipatory care activities





- A Roundtable, bringing together parts of the system
- And trialling
  - health and social care information hubs
  - anticipatory care resource information
  - community health literacy training for front-line staff and volunteers
  - in-Practice improvements resulting from the GP Audit and three GP/community projects by medical students on placement





"Leadership was deemed important to achieving the projects aims and ensuring people's key skills and strengths were identified and utilised to maximum effect"

What effect did local actions have?

"Working in partnership and collaboratively was noted as a key achievement of the project ... through good communication, respect for everyone's talents, opportunistic networking and a good understanding and willingness of influential stakeholders to get involved and make things happen for the good of their community"

Connecting Care - 7315 Anticipatory Care Project:
Action Learning to Improve Health in Tasmanian Communities
FINAL Phase 3 Evaluation Report
February 2020

Prepared by Maree Gleeson 0417 467 716

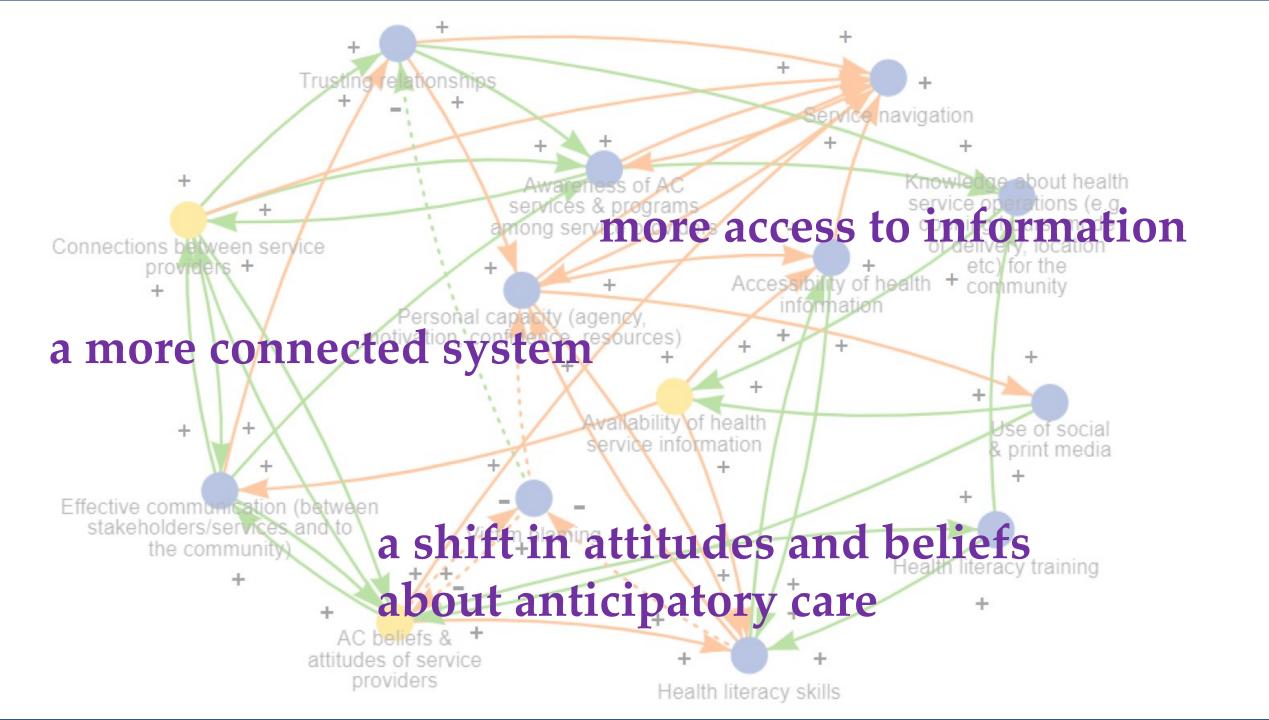
"Emergence of project from confusion to clarity"

Claude Roa

# Looking for the impacts

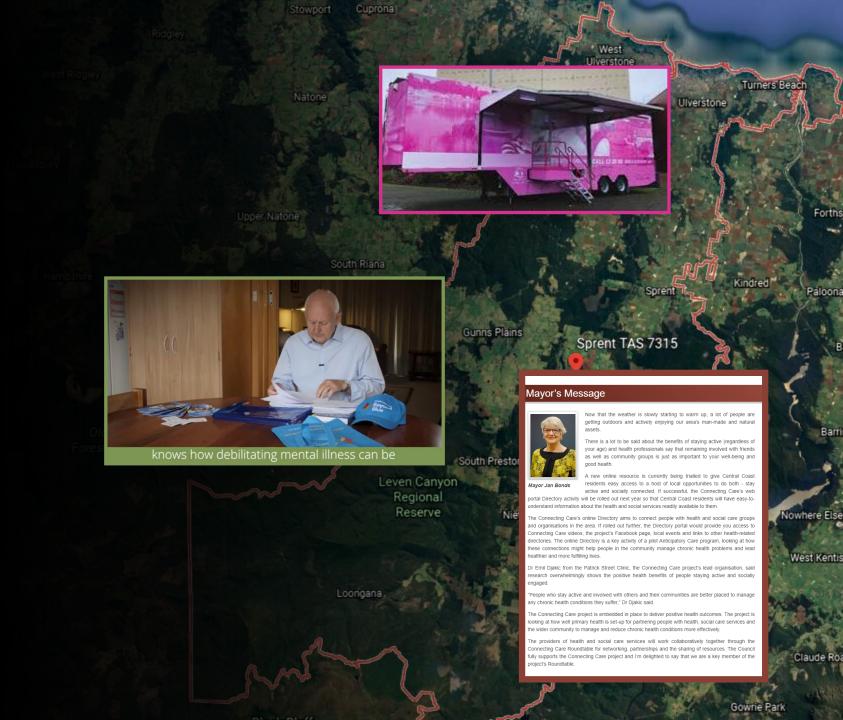
- Making new connections for collaboration
- A broader understanding of the anticipatory care system





# Three stories that tell us about impacts

- Connecting for a more accessible system
- More access to locally relevant information
- Shifting attitudes and beliefs



# What you don't know *can* hurt you

- Women were missing essential health screening because they didn't know that Ida, the Breastscreen van, is wheelchair accessible
- All that was needed was the sticker!



Building relationships and mutual learning

"In preparing the directory, we've asked people ... to nominate if they have an accessible facility or not, ... and it means people ask themselves the question and reflect about their own facility services, and access ... it's hard to measure, but that self-reflection is important"



# More access to locally relevant information

- Building on the local
- New tools, skills and communication channels





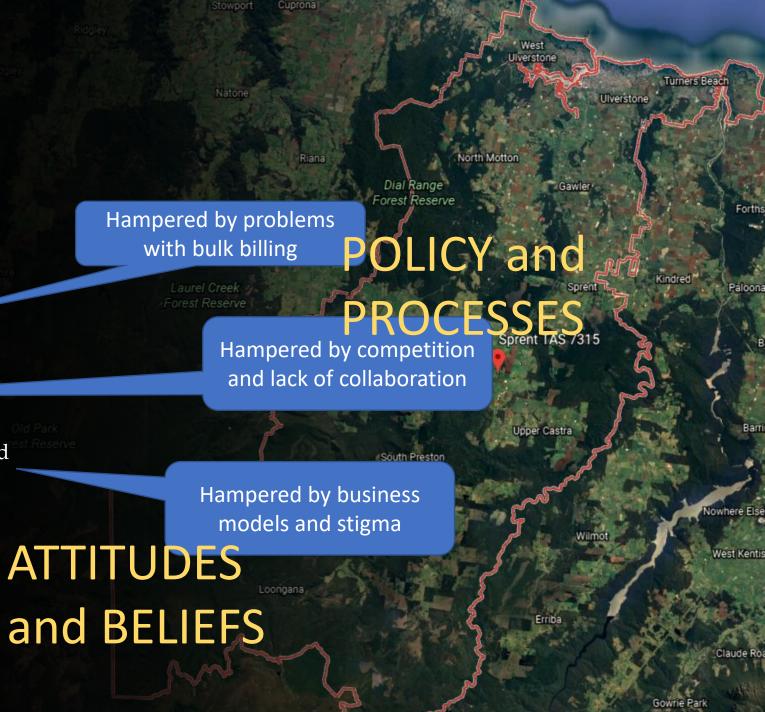


"So talking about social determinants of health is a big part of what we do as well and you know, the [work we do] ... maybe we have to take this program to the community rather than waiting for them to come and see us within business hours"



What is the role of a GP clinic in anticipatory care?

- 'routine encounters' where there is trust and established relationships
- a non-fragmented system
- equitable access to those system parts (i.e. affordable services, that are within physical and social or cultural distance of citizens, and that have 'humane' staff)



### What is the role of a GP clinic in anticipatory care?

#### What a GP clinic can do

- Identify emerging population and individual needs
- Screening and prevention
- Provide trustworthy and authoritative information



RACGP aged care clinical quide (Silver Book)

5th edition

Part B. Anticipatory care



#### General principles

- . Preplanning for anticipatory care ensures that the right thing is done at the right time by the right person
- · Anticipatory care education for people living in their own home and in RACFs has the potential to reduce unnecessary after-hours visits and hospitalisations.
- . Anticipatory care planning is part of preventive interventions in older people and involves regular review and updates as the individual's condition changes and priorities change.
- Vulnerability can be detected through the use of risk predictive tools, occupational home environment assessment, falls risk assessment, frailty and polypharmacy.
- · Optimal medication management involves not only the prescribing of regular medicines, but also providing medication and education about action to take when a flare or exacerbation of a diagnose

#### Introduction

Anticipatory care planning is a person-centred, proactive, 'thinking ahead' approach that requires services, healthcare practitioners and care professionals to work with individuals, carers and their families to have the right conversations and set personal goals to ensure that the right thing is done at the right time by the right person with the right

Anticipatory care planning can start at any stage of a person's care. It is about understanding the individual's situation and their health conditions, and helping people to navigate the system and make informed choices about their care, place of care and optimal quality of life. Anticipatory care planning is a 'living plan' rather than an end-of-life plan or

www.racgp.org.au

RACGP

Consultation pap Vision for a sustainable health

April 2015

Healthy Profession Healthy Australia.

West Kentish







To Ulverstone and the 7315 area, and to the local Connecting Care team









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